

An. Code, 1924, sec. 30. 1912, sec. 28. 1904, sec. 27. 1894, ch. 380, sec. 26.

**31.** It shall be the duty of the sheriff, constable or officers of the state fishery force to arrest any person and to seize any canoe, boat or vessel found violating any of the provisions of this article and bring the offender or offenders before a judge of a court having criminal jurisdiction, or a justice of the peace most convenient or accessible, to be dealt with as herein provided.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 31. 1912, sec. 29. 1904, sec. 28. 1894, ch. 380, sec. 27.

**32.** The judge or justice of the peace before whom any person or any vessel may be brought charged with violating any of the preceding sections of this article shall either give the case or cases an immediate hearing, or at the instance of the party charged shall appoint some early day within the next ten days to hear the case, the party charged giving such good and sufficient bail as said judge or justice shall require for his appearance at the trial, and the said vessel shall be held and safely kept at the cost of the party charged or of the said vessel, as the case may be; and in case the master, owner or other person in charge of said vessel shall or shall not be arrested, then the vessel used in violation of the provisions of this article shall be seized and the charge against the same shall be heard by the said judge or justice of the peace and she shall be dealt with as hereinafter provided; and if the said master, owner or other person in charge of said vessel shall not appear after giving bail, as hereinbefore provided, then in either case the judge or justice of the peace may proceed to hear the case and determine whether or not the said vessel has been employed in violation of any of said sections; and any vessel so employed is hereby declared to be forfeited; and in case the said judge or justice shall find the vessel has been so unlawfully employed, then he shall declare the same to be forfeited and shall so enter upon his docket, together with all her tackle, apparel, appurtenances, boats, sails and rigging; and he shall authorize and direct any sheriff or deputy sheriff to sell said vessel, together with all the apparel, tackle, boats and other things belonging thereto, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, after giving at least twenty days' notice of the time and place of said sale printed in some newspaper published in the county in which the case may be tried; and the said officer shall be allowed the actual expenses of seizure, sale and keeping of said vessel and poundage fees, and the proceeds of said sale shall be first applied to the payment of all the costs, charges and expenses of the seizure, trial and sale of said vessel, and the balance of said proceeds, if any, shall be paid to the clerk of the court as herein provided, and by him to the comptroller to the credit of the oyster fund, unless a part thereof be remitted, as provided by section 28; provided, that the owner or any other person having any mortgage or any other lien on the said vessel shall in all such cases have the right of appeal to the circuit court at any time within sixty days after judgment rendered, and upon the trial of said appeal the court shall have the right to amend the warrant or any of the proceedings before the justice of the peace so as to bring the case to trial upon its merits; provided, that no new offense shall be charged; and in case such an amendment shall work a surprise to defendant he shall have further time to prepare for trial, and the rules governing amendments in cases originating in the said court shall govern such amendments so far as they are applicable, and upon bond in an amount equal to the value of